# 245 Great Western Highway, South Wentworthville

Planning Proposal Transport Impact Assessment



Prepared by: Stantec Australia Pty Ltd for Nick Ates c/o Mecone on 15/02/2022 Reference: 301401363 Issue #: B



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#### **Quality Record**

Issue	Date	Description	Prepared By	Checked By	Approved By	Signed
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# 1. INTRODUCTION

# 1.1. Background

A planning proposal is to be lodged with Cumberland City Council to increase building height and floor space ratio (FSR) and permit additional uses by amendment to the Cumberland Local Environment Plan 2020. The purpose of the planning proposal is to enable a mixed-use development comprising a new hotel/ motel and adaptive reuse of the existing heritage building for use as a café/ restaurant on the site at 245 Great Western Highway, South Wentworthville.

Stantec was engaged to prepare a Traffic Impact Assessment to accompany the planning proposal.

### 1.2. Concept Development Proposal

The planning proposal seeks to amend the Cumberland Local Environmental Plan 2020 to:

- Allow for permitted uses to include 'hotel or motel accommodation' and 'food and drink premises' under the R2 Low Density Residential zone.
- Increase existing height controls of nine metres (two storeys) to 21 metres (equivalent to six storeys).
- Increase the existing FSR from 0.5:1 to a nominated ratio that would facilitate a 100 room hotel/ motel (to be confirmed as part of design development).

The concept design includes a five-storey hotel/ motel development with rooftop dining providing 76 rooms including studios and one and two-bedroom rooms. Other facilities would include pool, gymnasium, conference room, and health and well-being centre.

The intention of the development is to restore the existing heritage listed cottage with a proposal to use as a café/ restaurant surrounded by landscaped garden areas.

The proposal includes 79 on-site parking spaces for use by the hotel/ motel and ancillary café/ restaurant, including three spaces to be signposted for use by service vehicles during the day and to serve as restaurant visitor parking on evenings. Six motorcycle spaces and an additional hotel/ motel loading bay for use by vans/ utes and small rigid vehicles are also included. The indicative site layout is shown in Figure 1.1.



#### Figure 1.1: Indicative site layout



## 1.3. Purpose of this Report

This report sets out an assessment of the anticipated transport implications of the proposed development, including consideration of the following:

- existing traffic and parking conditions surrounding the site
- suitability of the proposed parking in terms of supply (quantum) and layout
- service vehicle requirements
- pedestrian and bicycle requirements
- the traffic generating characteristics of the proposed development
- suitability of the proposed access arrangements for the site
- the transport impact of the concept development proposal on the surrounding road network.

### 1.4. References

In preparing this report, reference has been made to the following:

- Holroyd Development Control Plan (DCP) 2013
- Holroyd Local Environmental Plan (LEP) 2013
- Draft Cumberland Development Control Plan 2020
- Australian Standard/ New Zealand Standard, Parking Facilities, Part 1: Off-Street Car Parking AS/NZS 2890.1:2004
- Australian Standard, Parking Facilities, Part 2: Off-Street Commercial Vehicle Facilities AS 2890.2:2018



- Australian Standard / New Zealand Standard, Parking Facilities, Part 6: Off-Street Parking for People with Disabilities AS/NZS 2890.6:2009
- plans for the proposed development prepared by White Stars Development, Job no. 21276, Issue C, dated 11 February 2022
- other documents and data as referenced in this report.



# 2. EXISTING CONDITIONS

# 2.1. Location

The site is at 245 Great Western Highway, South Wentworthville on land between the M4 Western Motorway and Great Western Highway. It has frontages of approximately 100 metres to Great Western Highway to the north and 56 metres to the M4 on-ramp to the east. The existing site is largely vacant, with a two-storey heritage listed cottage, 'The Wattles' in the south-east corner of the site.

The site is currently zoned R2 - Low Density Residential and is surrounded a mix of residential housing types. The location of the site and its surrounding environs is shown in Figure 2.1 with the LEP land use map shown in Figure 2.2.

#### Figure 2.1: Subject site and its environs





Figure 2.2: Land use map



### 2.2. Road Network

#### 2.2.1. Road Hierarchy

Roads are classified according to the functions they perform. The main purpose of defining a road's functional class is to provide a basis for establishing the policies which guide the management of the road according to their intended service or qualities.

In terms of functional road classification, State roads are strategically important as they form the primary network used for the movement of people and goods between regions, and throughout the State. Transport for NSW (TfNSW) is responsible for funding, prioritising and carrying out works on State roads. State roads generally include roads classified as freeways, state highways, and main roads under the Roads Act 1993, and the regulation to manage the road system is stated in the Australian Road Rules, most recently amended on 19 March 2018.

TfNSW defines four levels in a typical functional road hierarchy, ranking from high mobility and low accessibility, to high accessibility and low mobility. These road classes are:

Arterial Roads – Controlled by TfNSW, typically no limit in flow and designed to carry vehicles long distance between regional centres.

**Sub-Arterial Roads** – Managed by either Council or TfNSW under a joint agreement. Typically, their operating capacity ranges between 10,000 and 20,000 vehicles per day, and their aim is to carry through traffic between specific areas in a sub region or provide connectivity from arterial road routes (regional links).

**Collector Roads** – Provide connectivity between local sites and the sub-arterial road network, and typically carry between 2,000 and 10,000 vehicles per day.



**Local Roads** – Provide direct access to properties and the collector road system and typically carry between 500 and 4,000 vehicles per day.

#### 2.2.2. Surrounding Road Network

#### Great Western Highway

Great Western Highway is a classified State Road and key corridor running along the northern site boundary. It is aligned in an east-west direction and provides two traffic lanes in each direction plus dedicated bus lanes in each direction, set within a 24-metre-wide carriageway. It has a posted speed limit of 60 kilometres per hour, increasing to 80 kilometres per hour immediately west of the site. Kerbside parking is not permitted on both sides of the road.

#### M4 Western Motorway

The M4 Western Motorway is a classified State Road connecting Penrith with Auburn and aligned in an eastwest direction south of the site. It provides three eastbound and four westbound traffic lanes within a 28metre-wide carriageway. It has a posted speed limit of 90 kilometres per hour with local area access via the eastbound on-ramp along the eastern boundary of the site. The on-ramp allows Great Western Highway traffic to enter the M4 via traffic signals that also facilitate the safe crossing of pedestrians across the Great Western Highway.

Modifications to the on-ramp east of the site on the M4 alignment itself are planned as part of the M4 Smart Motorway project, as detailed in Section 2.3.

#### Bridge Road

Bridge Road is a local road connecting with Great Western Highway at a signalised intersection 100 metres east of the site. It provides one traffic lane and one parking lane in each direction, set within a 12-metre-wide carriageway. It has a posted speed limit of 50 kilometres per hour with school zone restrictions in place during the school peak periods. Parking is permitted on each side of the road, with restrictions in place during school hours.

#### 2.2.3. Surrounding Intersections

The key intersections in the vicinity of the site include:

- Great Western Highway / M4 on-ramp (signalised)
- Great Western Highway / Bridge Road (signalised).

#### 2.3. M4 Smart Motorway

TfNSW has proposed to introduce intelligent technology to the M4 Motorway between the Pitt Street overpass in Parramatta and Great Western Highway in Lapstone. The works will involve the following:

- introduction of Intelligent Traffic Systems (ITS)
- interchange works including widening, lengthening and re-alignment of the entry/ exit ramps, installing ITS infrastructure and minor modifications to arterial and major road intersections connecting to the motorway
- widening a 4.3-kilometre section of the M4 Motorway between Roper Road and Westlink M7 interchanges.



This specifically includes works of the section of the M4 on-ramp from the Great Western Highway to provide greater storage capacity and merge lengths. Electronic signage and vehicle detection devices would also be installed in this location.

The proposed works as part of the M4 Smart Motorway project at the on-ramp adjacent to the site are shown in Figure 2.3 with no impacts on the site anticipated.



Figure 2.3: M4 on-ramp works east of the site

# 2.4. Transport Network

The site is adequately serviced by public transport with a bus stop 130 metres east of the site on Great Western Highway. The bus stop services three bus routes as summarised in Table 2.1 and shown in Figure 2.4.

Table 2.1:	Bus	services	description

Pouto	Description	Frequency		
Roule	Description	Peak	Off-Peak	
810X	Merrylands to Parramatta via Pemulwuy	15 minutes	60 minutes	
811X	Pemulwuy to Parramatta via Beresford Road	25 minutes	60 minutes	
Т80	Liverpool to Parramatta via T-way	10 minutes	30 minutes	





Figure 2.4: Surrounding bus network

Source: Transit Systems western network map, accessed October 2021

# 2.5. Walking and Cycling Infrastructure

The site has adequate access to walking infrastructure. A footpath is provided on the northern side of Great Western Highway and on both sides east of the Bridge Road intersection further to the east. Formalised crossing points exist at the M4 on-ramp intersection and at the Bridge Road traffic signals.

An on-road cycling path exists on the M4 and on select local streets in the vicinity. The surrounding cycling map is shown in Figure 2.5.



Smith St Fuldson Ra Killeen St Killeen

Figure 2.5: Surrounding cycle network

Base image source: roads-waterways.transport.nsw.gov.au/maps

# 2.6. Traffic Volumes

TfNSW provides average road traffic volumes for a selection of permanent and sample roadside collection device stations at key locations across New South Wales. The closest traffic volume station (Station Id: 68025) is located on the Great Western Highway about 300 metres east of the site. Data indicates that along the site frontage, Great Western Highway carries an Annual Average Daily Traffic (AADT) volume of around 36,500 vehicles. No discernible growth between 2009 to 2019 was observed with volumes decreasing by approximately four per cent over the 10-year period.

A summary of the weekday morning and evening peak hour 2019 traffic volumes is summarised in Table 2.2. Data for 2020 and 2021 were excluded due to travel restrictions associated with COVID-19. The data confirms the tidal nature of traffic in the area with the evening having higher volumes than the morning peak hour.

Period	Direction	Vehicles
AM	Eastbound	1,314
(8:00am-9:00am)	Westbound	929
PM (5:00pm-6:00pm)	Eastbound	1,046
	Westbound	1,721

Table 2.2: Weekday traffic volumes data 2019



# 2.7. Crash History Analysis

An analysis of the most recent five-year period of available crash data (2015-2019) has been undertaken based on crash data provided by TfNSW for the roads surrounding the site. The locations and severity of the crash data for the five-year period is shown in Figure 2.6 and detailed in Table 2.3.





Base image source: TfNSW Centre for Road Safety Interactive Crash Map

#### Table 2.3:Recorded crashes from 2015 to 2019

Location	Location ID	Number of crashes	Number of Injuries
Great Western Highway/ M4 Motorway	1	3	3
Great Western Highway	2	2	1
Great Western Highway/ Bridge Road	3	32	23
Great Western Highway/ Coleman Street	4	36	32
	Total	73	59

The following key statistics can be drawn from the crash data:

- No fatalities were recorded during the five-year period.
- Approximately 75 per cent of crashes resulted in an injury.
- Over the five-year period 73 incidents occurred at key intersections surrounding the site with right through accounting for 37 per cent and rear ends 31 per cent of these.
- 14 per cent of incidents resulted in serious injury.
- Majority of incidents occurred at the Great Western Highway/ Bridge Road and Great Western Highway/ Coleman Street intersections, accounting for 93 per cent of incidents.
- Only three incidents occurred along the site frontage.



### **EXISTING CONDITIONS**

Although the surrounding roads have a crash history, these are largely clustered in and around the intersections and not along the site frontage. No incidents were attributed to vehicles exiting a driveway. As such, the in/ out movements are not anticipated to result in further traffic incidents. Notwithstanding comparable developments have access on Great Western Highway.

In addition, the site would generate relatively low volumes and could not be expected to impact the safety of the surrounding road network.



# 3. PLANNING PROPOSAL

# 3.1. Overview

The concept plan supporting the planning proposal incorporates a five-storey hotel/ motel development and rooftop dining level. The concept design indicates that the planning proposal could provide for 76 rooms, hotel facilities such as a gymnasium, health and well-being centre and conference room, and rooftop terrace dining across 4,560 square metres Gross Floor Area (GFA). The potential room breakdown is as follows:

- 40 studio units
- 32 one-bedroom units
- 4 two-bedroom units.

The existing heritage cottage is proposed to be converted into a café/ restaurant covering 203 square metres GFA of dining area. It is expected to operate as very much ancillary to the hotel/ motel with much demand expected from hotel/ motel guests, and to also be open to the public.

Site access is proposed via separate entry and exit driveways on the Great Western Highway, restricted to left turns only. To ensure connection with the broader pedestrian network, a footpath is proposed along the site frontage connecting with the crossing facilities at the Great Western Highway/ M4 on-ramp intersection.

The indicative site layout is shown in Figure 3.1.



Figure 3.1: Indicative site layout

Source: White Stars Development, project no. 21276, drawing no. A101, issue C, dated 11 February 2022



### 3.2. Parking Provision

The proposal includes 79 on-site parking spaces for use by the hotel/ motel and ancillary café/ restaurant. This comprises 69 spaces (including five accessible spaces) within a two-level basement car park plus 10 atgrade spaces close to the heritage building (including three spaces signposted for service vehicles during the day). Six motorcycle spaces and 14 bicycle spaces are also proposed within basement one.

# 3.3. Site Access and Loading/ Waste Collection

Two separate entry and exit driveway crossovers are proposed on the Great Western Highway. The eastern driveway is proposed about 25 metres west of the M4 on-ramp traffic signals and will facilitate all entering vehicles, with the western driveway allowing for all exit movements. The entry driveway is in about the same location as the existing driveway crossover. Both driveways also allow for the necessary sightlines, ensuring safe and appropriate site access given the posted speed limit and absence of conflicting movements through the area. All vehicles would enter and exit the site in a forward direction.

Hotel/ motel loading is proposed within basement one close to the car park entry ramp with management measures to ensure practical access to the waste storage room. The loading bay would accommodate vehicles up to 6.4 metres long with the loading bay also having capacity for two vans/ utes, as demand requires.

Three loading bays are also proposed within the at-grade car park close to the heritage building. These spaces are proposed to be signposted for use by service vehicles during the day and as visitor parking during the evening. The loading bays would accommodate vans/ utes, with at least the southern space also appropriate for use by small rigid vehicles.



# 4. PARKING AND TRAFFIC APPRAISAL

# 4.1. Parking Assessment

#### 4.1.1. Preamble

Cumberland Council is in the process of renewing the LEP and DCP that apply to the Local Government Area (LGA) following Council boundary changes. The documents are currently in draft with the public exhibition period closing in May 2020.

While Holroyd DCP 2013 remains the formal reference document, parking requirements have been assessed under both DCP rates.

#### 4.1.2. Car Parking

A review of both DCP's indicate consistent parking requirements, with the only difference being the minimum parking rate for café/ restaurant uses varies between one per 7 to 8 square metres. These rates are also consistent with the requirements set out in the TfNSW *Guide to Traffic Generating Developments* (the Guide) 2002.

Parking requirements for the development are summarised in Table 4.1 and indicate the need for up to 110 on-site parking spaces.

#### Table 4.1: Statutory car parking requirements

Land Use	Size	Parking Rate	Parking Requirement
Hotel/ motel	76 rooms	1 space per room/ unit plus 1 space per 2 employees [1]	81
Café/ restaurant	203m <sup>2</sup>	1 space per 7-8m <sup>2</sup>	25-29
		Total	106-110

[1] Assume 10 rostered hotel/ motel employees

### 4.1.3. Proposed Parking Provision

It is important to recognise the intended daily use of the site and how this effects the quantum of parking required. In this regard, hotel/ motel visitors are expected to make up a significant proportional use of café/ restaurant demand, with a corresponding 75 per cent discount applied to the café/ restaurant to reflect the practical or 'real' use of the heritage building. This would equate to the need for about six to seven spaces for the café/ restaurant.

On this basis, the development would be required to provide around 87 parking spaces. With a proposed parking supply of 79 spaces plus six motorcycle spaces in the basement, the concept proposal falls marginally short of the theoretical maximum demand generally meets the required parking supply of all relevant statutory guidelines. Overall, the proposed parking provision is expected to provide for the proposal with further detailed assessment to be included as part of any future development application.



#### 4.1.4. Accessible Parking

Holroyd DCP 2013 requires that two spaces per 100 visitor/ customer spaces be designated as accessible parking. As such two accessible spaces would be required as part of any future development application. Indicative plans indicate that five accessible spaces could be provided, exceeding this requirement.

#### 4.1.5. Bicycle Parking

Neither Holroyd DCP 2013 nor the Draft Cumberland DCP stipulates any bicycle requirements for hotel land uses. Plans indicate that 14 bicycle parking spaces would be provided with this deemed suitable given surrounding cycling infrastructure.

The café/ restaurant will need direct use of two bicycle spaces recommended to be provided as loops close to heritage building.

Bicycle parking spaces, as a minimum, need to be designed in accordance with relevant Australian Standard (AS2890.3 Bicycle Parking Facilities).

#### 4.1.6. Loading Requirements

For hotel accommodation, Draft DCP 2020 and TfNSW Guidelines stipulate a loading requirement of one space per 50 bedrooms or bedroom suites, up to 200 bedrooms. This equates to two loading bays for the hotel use, with the basement loading area able to practically accommodate two smaller service vehicles, such as vans and utes for daily deliveries. As is typical for hotel operations, basic management and timing of deliveries by small rigid trucks would be in place to ensure appropriate use. Deliveries would also be spread across the day and week with no distinct peak period.

The concept proposal also requires one loading bay for the café/ restaurant use of the heritage building. Deliveries would also occur outside restaurant/ café peak periods and in the three at-grade spaces that are to be dedicated for service vehicles during the day.

On this basis the proposed loading arrangements and simple management measures are considered suitable.

### 4.2. Site Layout Review

A high-level review of the car park and site layout has been completed against the requirements of the Australian Standard for Off Street Car Parking (AS/NZS2890.1:2004). Overall, the car park is expected to operate efficiently, with the concept design to be further developed as part of any future development application.

Car parking spaces should be designed to a minimum 2.4 or 2.5 metres wide and 5.4 metres long, with a minimum 5.8 metres provided for adjacent parking aisles in accordance with AS2890.1. Accessible parking, including height clearances of 2.5 metres above the accessible spaces and shared areas should be designed in accordance with AS2890.6. The loading area and travel paths to and from would be designed in accordance with AS2890.2, with minimum 3.5 metre height clearances to services and structure.

The concept design of the access driveways, on-site parking and loading areas will be further detailed as part of any future development application, with circulation aisles, car space and loading bay dimensions and height clearances to be designed in accordance with relevant Australian Standards (AS2890 series).



### 4.3. Traffic Generation

Traffic generation estimates for the proposed development have been sourced from TfNSW Guidelines. The estimated evening peak hour traffic volumes generated by the development are summarised in Table 4.2.

Table 4.2:	Evenina	peak hour	traffic	generation	estimates
	Lioning	pourtiour	uuno	gonoradori	ooumatoc

Land Use	Size	Traffic Generation Rate	Traffic Generation
Hotel/ motel	76 rooms	0.4 vehicle trips per room	30
Café/ restaurant	203m <sup>2</sup> GFA	5 vehicle trips per 100m <sup>2</sup> GFA	10
		Total	40 trips

Table 4.2 indicates the site would generate up to 40 vehicle trips during the evening peak hour. On the basis that the café/ restaurant also operates ancillary to the hotel, traffic generation would be about 30 to 35 vehicle trips.

All site generated traffic would approach from the east and depart to the west along the Great Western Highway. Given the low traffic volumes generated by the proposal (representing about two per cent of the westbound evening peak hour traffic volumes as detailed in Section 2.6), this additional traffic is not expected to noticeably change the safety or function of the surrounding road network.



# 5. CONCLUSION

Based on the analysis and discussions presented within this report, the following conclusions are made:

- A planning proposal for land at 245 Great Western Highway, South Wentworthville is to be lodged with Cumberland City Council for amendments to the Cumberland LEP 2020 to enable a mixed-use development comprising a hotel and ancillary café/ restaurant use. The café/ restaurant proposes to adaptively reuse of the existing heritage building on the site.
- The concept design indicates the five-storey hotel could provide for 76 rooms, hotel facilities and rooftop hotel terrace dining across 4,560 square metres GFA. The existing heritage cottage covers 203 square metres GFA.
- The concept proposal includes 79 on-site parking spaces for use by the hotel/ motel and ancillary café/ restaurant. This includes 69 spaces (including five accessible spaces) within a two-level basement car park plus 10 at-grade spaces close to the heritage building (including three spaces for service vehicles during the day).
- Six motorcycle and 14 bicycle spaces are also proposed within basement one.
- A minimum of two accessible parking spaces would need to be provided as part of any future development application.
- Based on the analysis of land uses and especially recognising the ancillary operation of the café/ restaurant, and hence daily practical use of the site, up to 87 to 88 parking spaces would be required to adequately provide for the parking demands of the concept proposal.
- The concept proposal broadly meets this requirement by way of 79 parking spaces and six motorcycle spaces with further detailed assessment to be included as part of any future development application.
- A dedicated loading bay with capacity for two small delivery vehicles (vans, utes etc.) or one 6.4 metre small rigid vehicle is proposed within the basement and for use by the hotel. Café/ restaurant deliveries would occur outside peak periods and in the three spaces close to the heritage building dedicated for use by service vehicles during the day.
- Basic management of service vehicle deliveries is recommended to ensure appropriate use across the day and week.
- A high-level review of the car park and site layout has been completed against the requirements of the Australian Standard for Off Street Car Parking (AS/NZS2890.1:2004). Overall, the car park is expected to operate well and to be further developed as part of any future development application.
- Based on the applicable rates in the TfNSW Guide, the proposal could generate up to 40 vehicle trips during the evening peak hour. On the basis that the café/ restaurant operates ancillary to the hotel, traffic generation would be about 30 to 35 vehicle trips and not expected to materially change the safety or function of the surrounding road network.

# A.VEHICLE SWEPT PATHS



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